

# FISCAL REVIEW REPORT

January – July 2026



Department of Fiscal Policy

Ministry of Finance, Planning and Economic Development

# Highlights of Fiscal Performance

## Government Revenue & Grants

- Jan - July 2026 : Rs. 3,421.3 Bn
- Jan - July 2025 : Rs. 2,734.9 Bn

## Government Expenditure

- Jan - July 2026 : Rs. 3,531.0 Bn
- Jan - July 2025 : Rs. 3,291.0 Bn

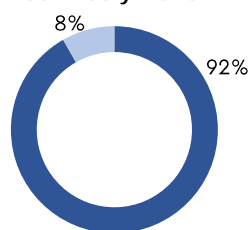
## Primary Surplus

- Jan - July 2026 : Rs. 1,348.6 Bn
- Jan - July 2025 : Rs. 973.6 Bn

## Budget Balance

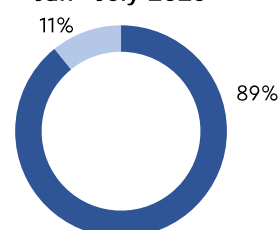
- Jan - July 2026 : Rs. -109.7 Bn
- Jan - July 2025 : Rs. -556.1 Bn

## Government Revenue Jan - July 2026



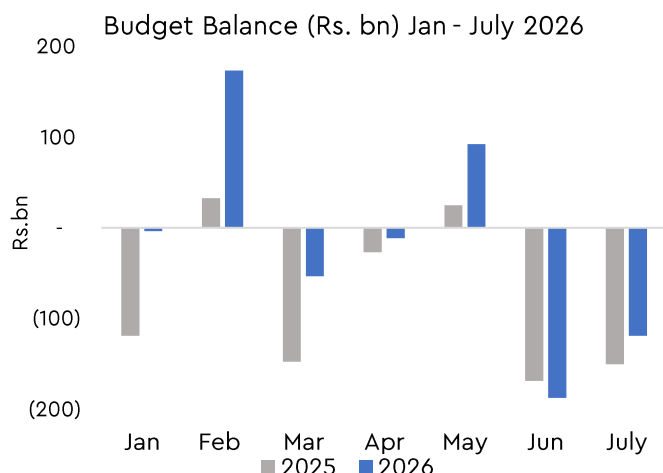
■ Tax Revenue  
■ Non-Tax Revenue

## Government Expenditure Jan - July 2026

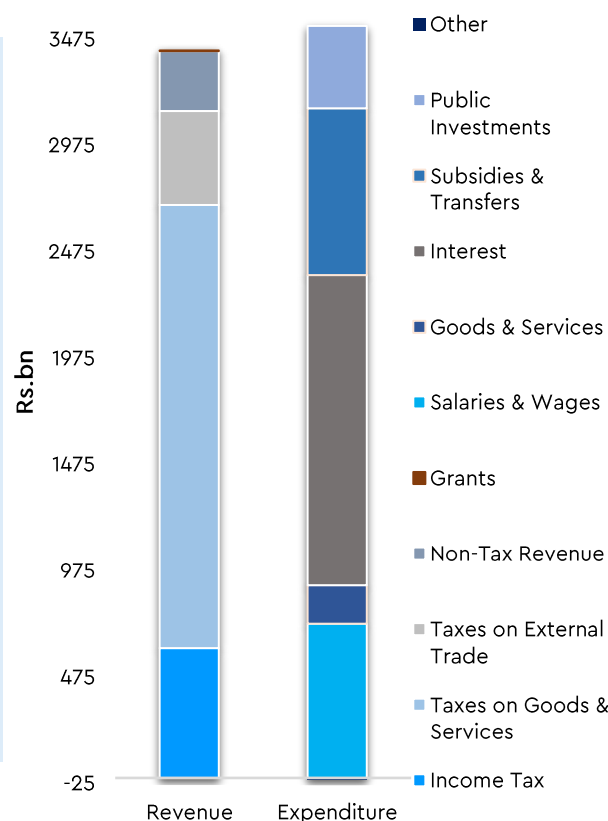


■ Recurrent Expenditure  
■ Capital and Net Lending

The budget balance, in nominal terms, narrowed to a deficit of Rs. 109.7 billion in the first seven months of 2026 from a deficit of Rs. 556.1 billion in the same period of 2025, mainly due to the robust increase in government revenue by 25 percent to Rs. 3,421.3 billion in the first seven months of 2026 from Rs. 2,734.9 billion in the same period of 2025, together with the rationalization of government expenditure.



## Total Revenue and Expenditure (Jan - July) 2026 (Rs.bn)



## Jan - July 2025

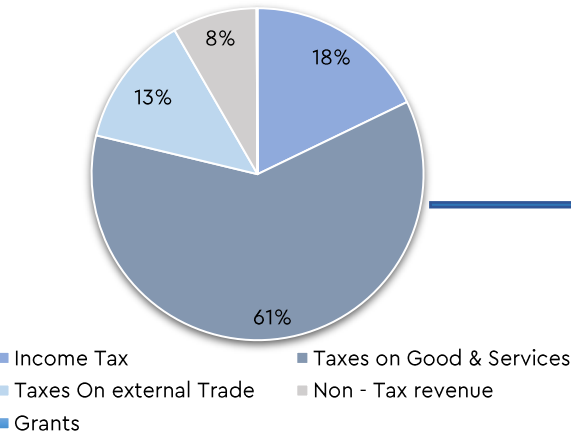


## Jan - July 2026

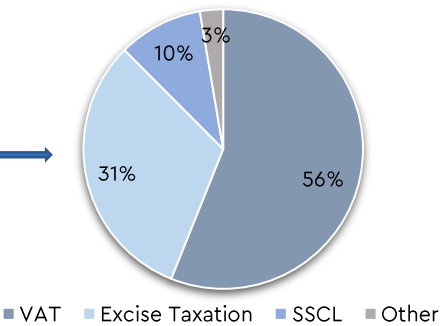
- Total Revenue, including grants increased by 25 percent
- Tax Revenue increased by 24 percent
- Non-Tax Revenue increased by 44 percent
- Recurrent Expenditure increased modestly by 5 percent
- Capital and net lending increased by 32 percent
- GDP at constant prices was Rs. 3,652.5 billion in the first quarter of 2026, compared to Rs. 3,476.7 billion in the same period of 2025.
- The economy expanded by 5.1 percent in the first quarter of 2026 compared to the 4.7 percent expansion recorded in the first quarter of 2025.

# Revenue Performance

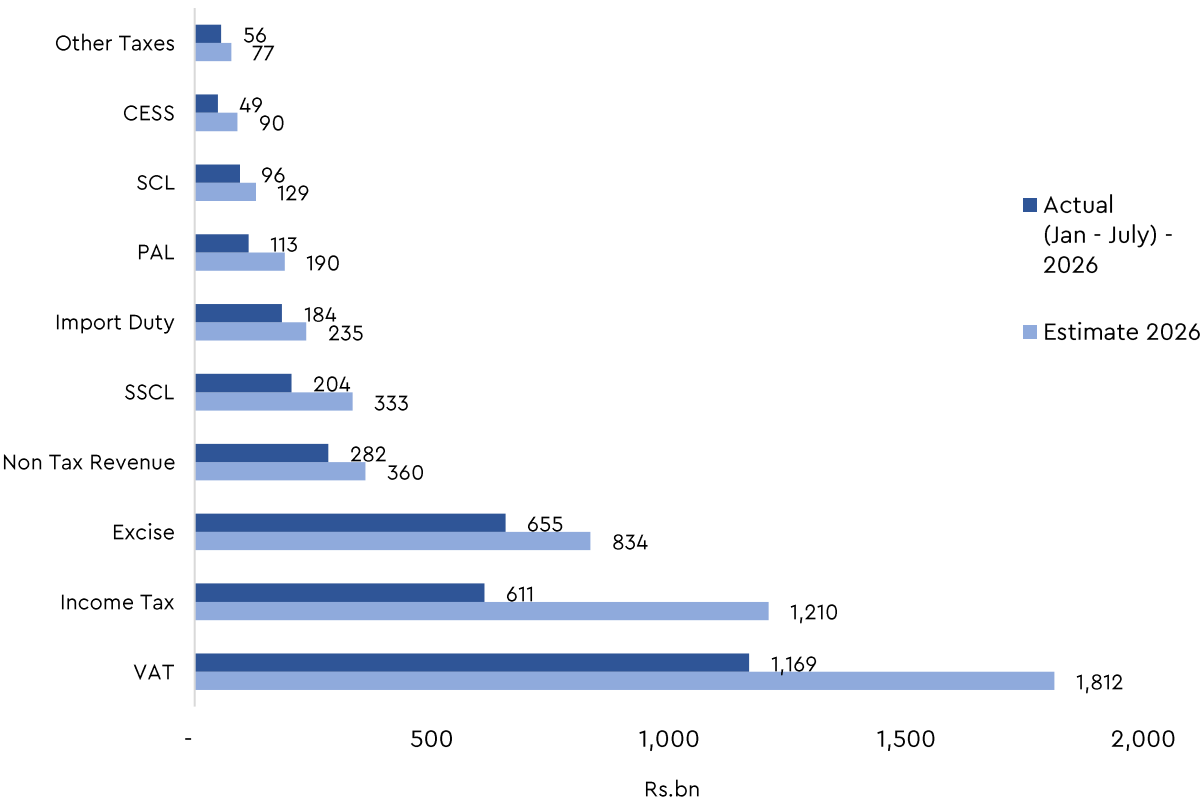
Composition of Actual Revenue  
(Jan - July) - 2026



Composition of Taxes on goods & services  
(Jan - July) - 2026

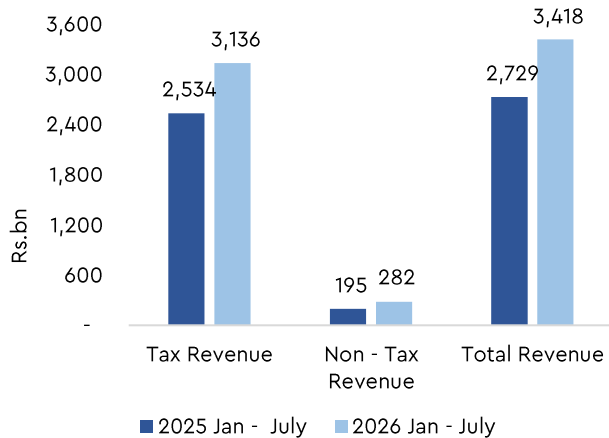


Annual Estimate vs. Revenue by Major Revenue Sources (Jan - July) 2026 (Rs. bn)

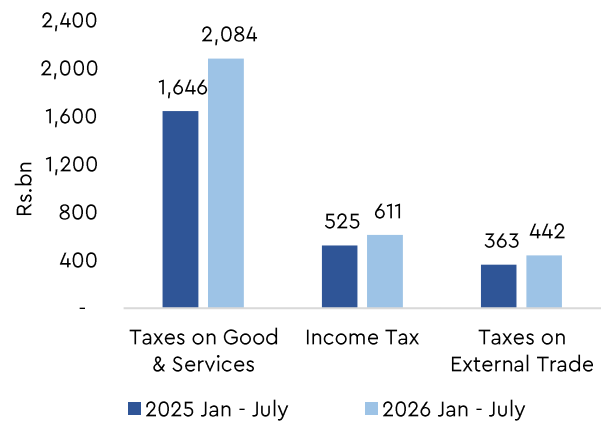


# Revenue Performance

**Government Revenue (Jan - July) - 2025/2026**  
(Rs. bn)

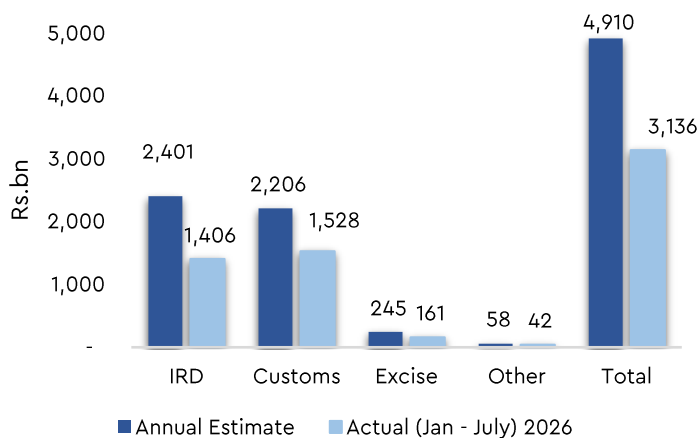


**Tax Revenue (Jan - July) - 2025/2026**  
(Rs. bn)



The total revenue (excluding grants) increased by 25 percent to Rs. 3,417.9 billion in the first seven months of 2026 from Rs. 2,729.4 billion in the same period of 2025, mainly due to the substantial revenue collection from motor vehicles. Further, the revenue from income tax increased by 16 percent to Rs. 610.5 billion in the first seven months of 2026 from Rs. 524.8 billion in the same period of 2025. Revenue from VAT increased by 25 percent to Rs. 1,168.6 billion in the first seven months of 2026 from Rs. 935.3 billion in the same period of 2025.

**Tax revenue (Annual estimate vs. achievement) from different revenue collecting agencies 2026 (Rs.bn)**



Sri Lanka Customs achieved 69 percent of its annual estimate in the first seven months of 2026 mainly due to the increase of revenue collection from motor vehicles. Inland Revenue Department achieved 59 percent of its annual estimate in the first seven months of 2026 reflecting strong performance of VAT on domestic activities. Further, Excise Department achieved 66 percent of its annual estimate in the first seven months of 2026.

# Revenue Performance

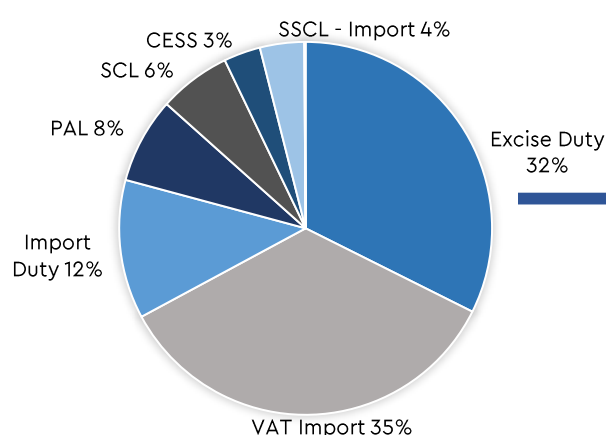
## Tax Revenue from 3 Key Revenue collecting agencies during - (Jan – Jul) 2026

|              | Annual Estimate<br>(Rs. bn) | Actual (Jan – July) 2026<br>(Rs. bn) | Achievement<br>(%) |
|--------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------|
| IRD          | 2,401                       | 1,406                                | 58.6               |
| Customs      | 2,206                       | 1,528                                | 69.2               |
| Excise       | 245                         | 161                                  | 65.6               |
| Other        | 58                          | 42                                   | 72.4               |
| <b>Total</b> | <b>4,910</b>                | <b>3,136</b>                         | <b>63.9</b>        |

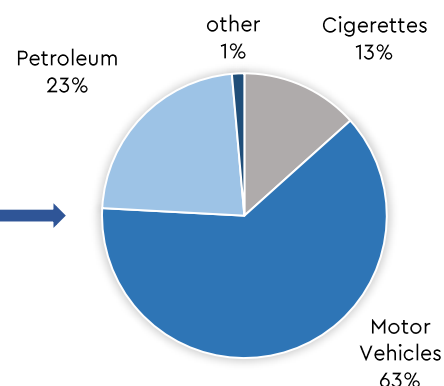
In the first seven months of 2026, Sri Lanka Customs became the largest contributor to the Government Revenue, accounting for 49 percent of the total tax revenue collected. The Inland Revenue Department was the second-largest contributor, representing 45 percent of the total tax revenue collected, while Excise Department was the third-largest contributor.

## Sri Lanka Customs

Revenue collection from Sri Lanka Customs by major tax components (Jan - July 2026)



Composition of Excise Duty collected from Sri Lanka Customs (Jan - July 2026)



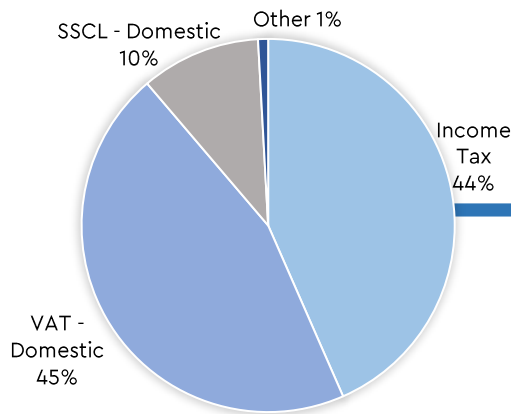
Revenue from VAT on imports is the largest revenue component among the Customs' major tax components. The revenue from VAT on imports increased by 23 percent to Rs. 531.0 billion in the first seven months of 2026 from Rs. 432.3 billion in the same period of 2025. Revenue from Excise Duty increased by 34 percent to Rs. 494.6 billion in the first seven months of 2026 compared to the same period of 2025.

Revenue from Excise Duty on motor vehicles significantly increased by Rs. 116.3 billion to Rs. 309.1 billion in the first seven months of 2026 from Rs. 192.7 billion in the same period of 2025.

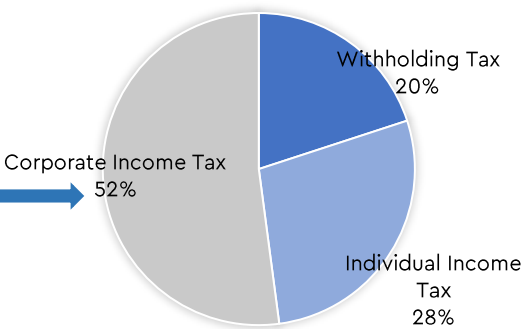
# Revenue Performance

## Inland Revenue Department

Revenue collection from IRD by major tax components (Jan - July 2026)



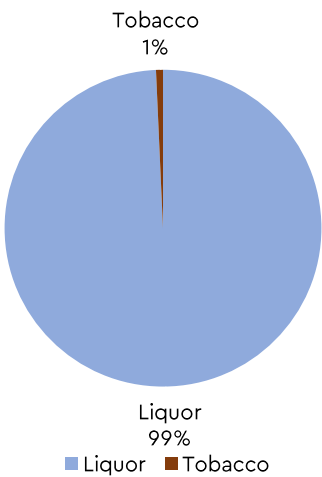
Composition Income Tax (%)



Revenue collection from Income Tax increased by 16 percent to Rs. 610.5 billion in the first seven months of 2026, compared to the same period of 2025. Revenue from VAT on domestic activities increased by 27 percent and SSCL on domestic activities increased by 14 percent in the first seven months of 2026 compared to the same period of 2025.

## Excise Department

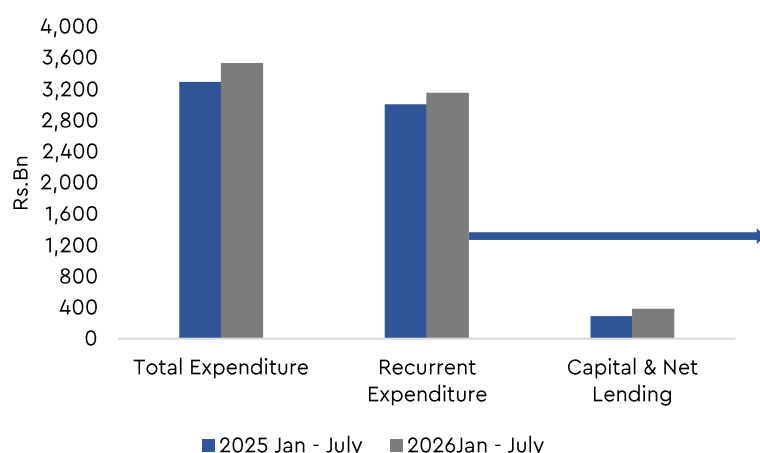
Revenue collection from Department of Excise by major revenue sources Jan - July 2026



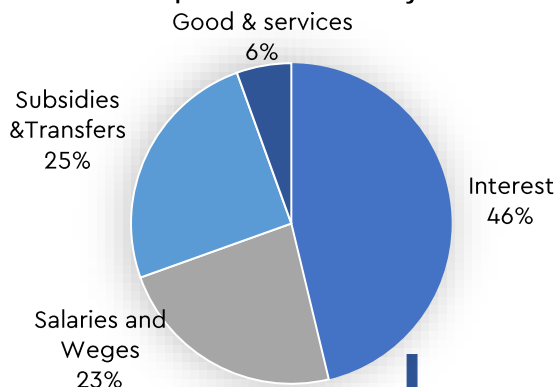
The revenue from excise duty on liquor increased by 26 percent to Rs. 159.6 billion in the first seven months of 2026 from Rs. 126.5 billion in the same period of 2025.

# Execution of Government Expenditure

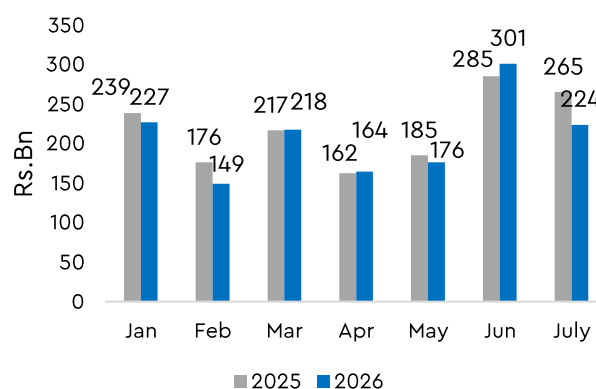
Expenditure Jan - July 2025/2026 (Rs.bn)



Recurrent Expenditure Jan - July 2026



Interest Payments Jan - July 2025/2026 (Rs.bn)



The total expenditure increased by 7 percent to Rs. 3,531.0 billion in the first seven months of 2026 from Rs. 3,291.0 billion in the same period of 2025. Recurrent expenditure increased by 5 percent to Rs. 3,149.1 billion in the first seven months of 2026 from Rs. 3,000.8 billion in the same period of 2025. The capital and net lending increased by 32 percent to Rs. 381.8 billion in the first seven months of 2026 from Rs. 290.2 billion in the same period of 2025.

Total Interest payments declined by 5 percent to Rs. 1,458.3 billion in the first seven months of 2026 from Rs. 1,529.7 billion in the same period of 2025.

## Budget Outturn : Jan - July 2026

|                                   | Annual Estimate 2026 (Rs. bn) | Jan- July 2025 (Rs. bn) (Actual) | Jan - July 2026 (Rs. bn) (provisional) | Growth (%) Jan - July 2025/26 | Achievement against the estimate 2026 (%) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| <b>Total Revenue &amp; Grants</b> | 5,300                         | 2,734.9                          | 3,421.3                                | 25.1                          | 64.6                                      |
| Tax Revenue                       | 4,910                         | 2,533.9                          | 3,136.3                                | 23.8                          | 63.9                                      |
| Non-Tax Revenue                   | 360                           | 195.5                            | 281.6                                  | 44.0                          | 78.2                                      |
| Grants                            | 30                            | 5.5                              | 3.4                                    | -38.3                         | 11.3                                      |
| <b>Total Expenditure</b>          | 7,557                         | 3,291.0                          | 3,531.0                                | 7.3                           | 46.7                                      |
| Recurrent Expenditure             | 5,838                         | 3,000.8                          | 3,149.1                                | 4.9                           | 53.9                                      |
| Capital and Net Lending           | 1,719                         | 290.2                            | 381.8                                  | 31.6                          | 22.2                                      |
| <b>Primary Balance (+)/ (-)</b>   | 360                           | 973.6                            | 1,348.6                                |                               |                                           |
| <b>Budget Balance (+)/ (-)</b>    | -2,257                        | -556.1                           | -109.7                                 |                               |                                           |